

Crime Stats

NORTHEAST AREA COMMAND

2021



INFORMATION ABOUT ALBUQUERQUE CRIME STATS

In 2018, the Albuquerque Police Department began reporting crime statistics using the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS). NIBRS is the most current national framework for reporting crime and replaces the FBI's Summary Reporting System (SRS). This change is important because NIBRS provides more comprehensive and detailed information about crimes against person, crimes against property and crimes against society occurring in law enforcement jurisdictions across the country.

The data in this report is based on the official data that APD sends to the FBI. But it is important to note that the numbers in this report differ slightly from the numbers published in the FBI reports. APD sends NIBRS data to the FBI on a semiannual basis and this data is based on the reports available at that point in time. The APD's crime data system is dynamic and additional information may be added or refined after the data are sent to the FBI. Although the FBI updates its data bases regularly it does not update published reports.

The data in this report were obtained from APD's Tiburon RMS computer system on Oct. 16, 2020. Crime statistics in future reports will differ somewhat from these statistics because this report is also based on a fixed point in time.

CRIME DEFINITIONS

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Program, National Incident-Based Reporting System

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another wherein the offender uses a weapon or displays it in a threatening manner, or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness. In the definition above, a weapon is a commonly known weapon (a gun, knife, club, etc.) or any other item becoming one, although not usually thought of as a weapon, when used in a manner which could cause the types of severe bodily injury described.

Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter: The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. As a general rule, agencies should classify in this category any death due to injuries received in a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime. Although LEAs may charge offenders with lesser offenses, e.g., Negligent Manslaughter, agencies should report the offense as Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter if the killing was willful or intentional.

Burglary/Breaking & Entering: The unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. LEAs should classify offenses locally known as Burglary (any degree), unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony, breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny, housebreaking, and safecracking as burglary. However, because Larceny/Theft is an element of Burglary, agencies should not report the Larceny as a separate offense if it is associated with the unlawful entry of a structure. The element of trespass is essential to the offense of Burglary/ Breaking and Entering.

Larceny/Theft Offenses: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another person.

CRIME DEFINITIONS

Source: FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Program, National Incident-Based Reporting System

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft of a motor vehicle.

The national UCR Program defines motor vehicle as a motor vehicle is a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface of land and not on rails and that fits one of the following descriptions:

- Automobiles—sedans, coupes, station wagons, convertibles, taxicabs, or other similar motor vehicles serving the primary purpose of transporting people

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm

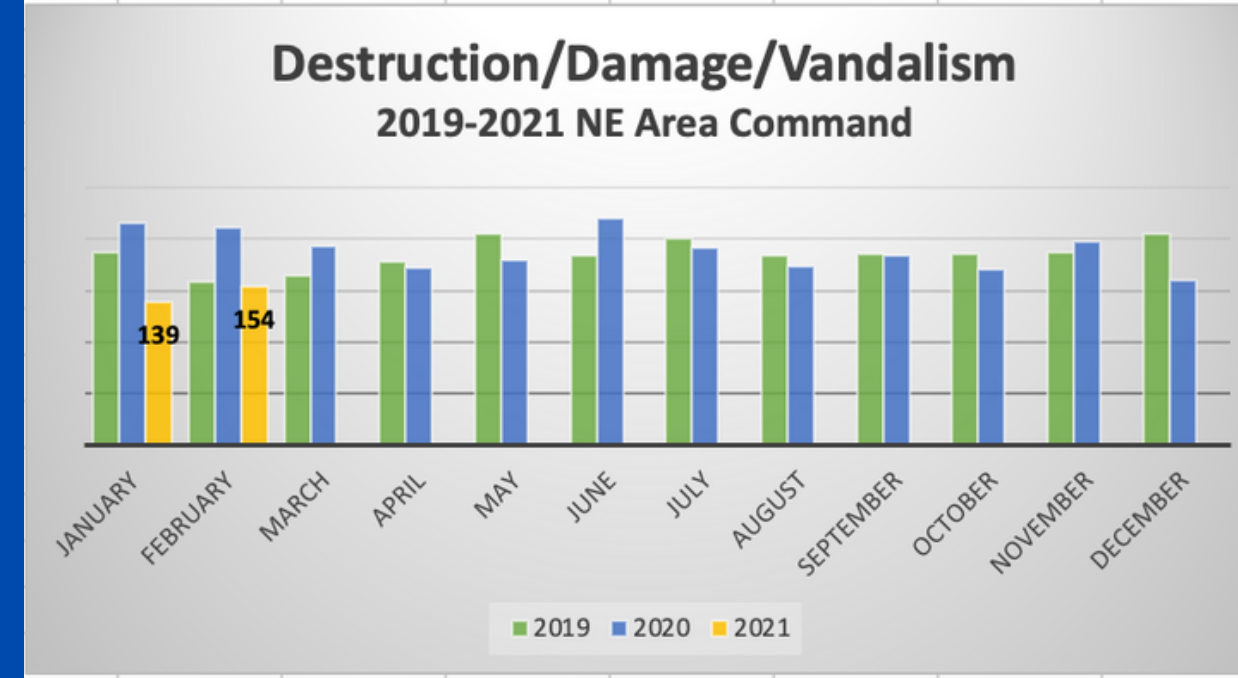
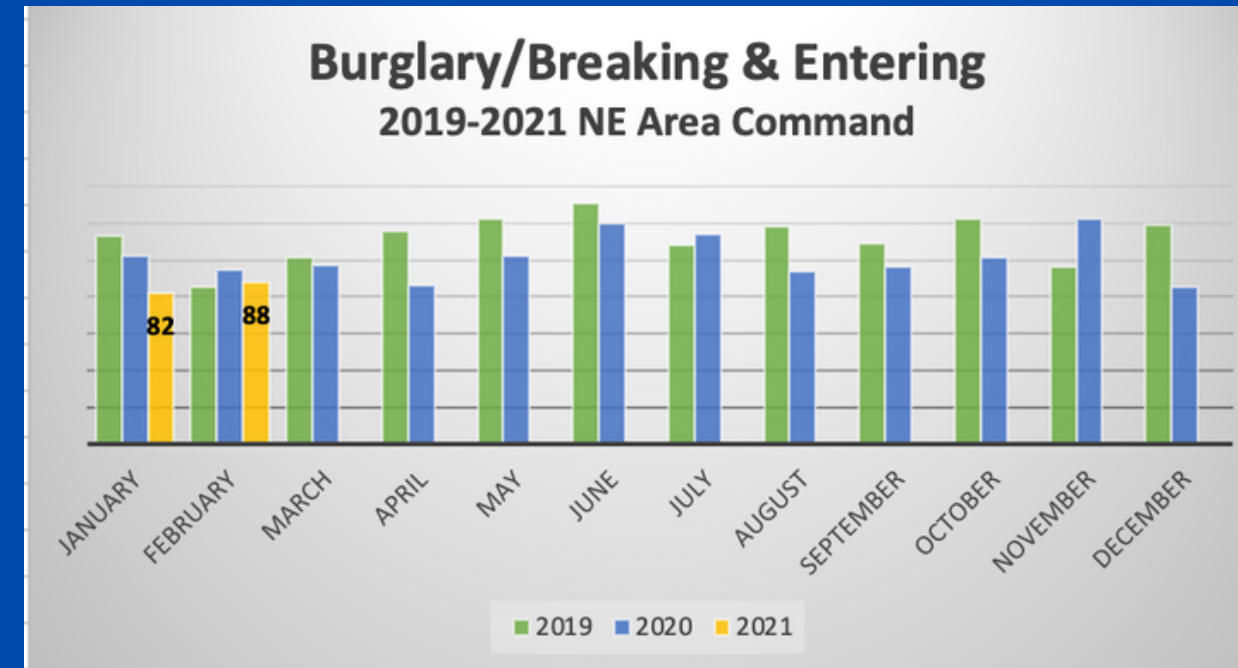
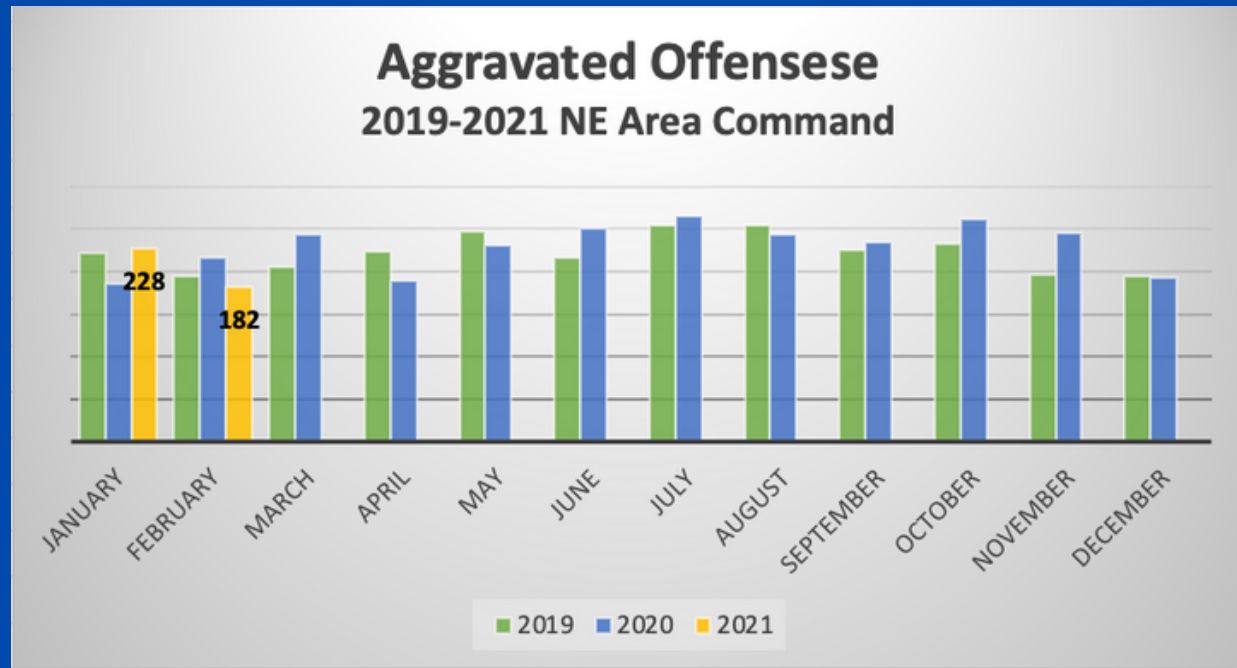
Robbery involves the offender taking or attempting to take something of value from a victim, usually the property owner or custodian, by the use of force or threat of force. (The victim must be present.) If there is no direct confrontation and the victim is not in fear of immediate harm, LE should report Extortion. Though direct confrontation occurs in Pocket-pickings or Purse-snatchings, force or threat of force is absent. However, if during a Purse-snatching or other such crime, the offender uses force or threat of force to overcome the active resistance of the victim, LE should classify the offense as Robbery.



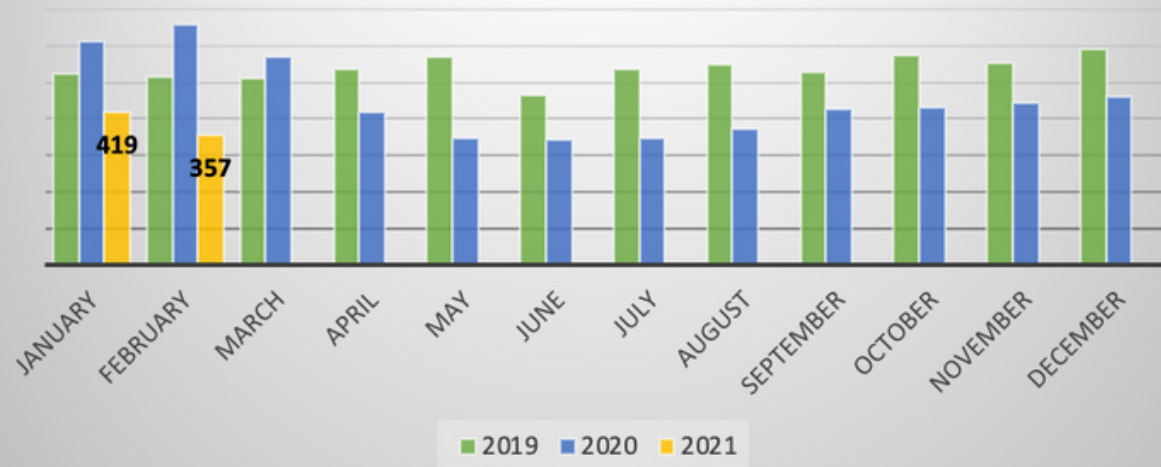
Crime in the Northeast Area Command: February 2021

Northeast

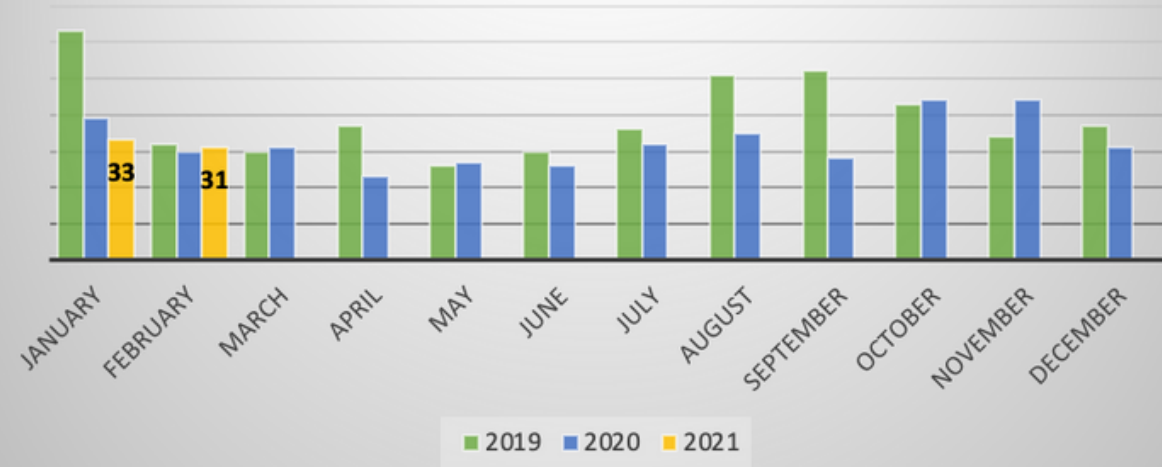
Aggravated Offenses	182
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	88
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	154
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	28
Homicide Offenses	4
Larceny/Theft Offenses	357
Motor Vehicle Theft	91
Robbery	31
Stolen Property Offenses	3
Weapon Law Violations	12



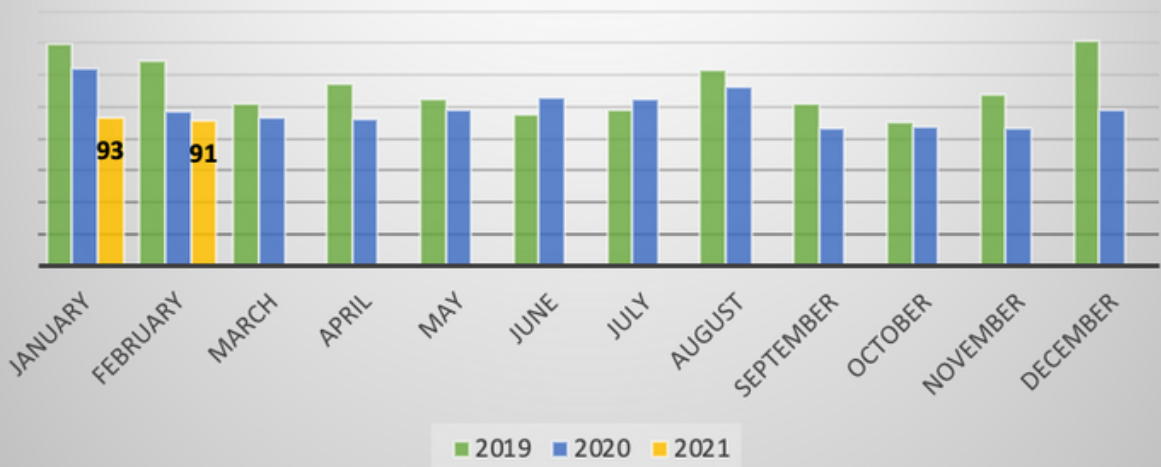
Larceny/Theft Offenses 2019-2021 NE Area Command



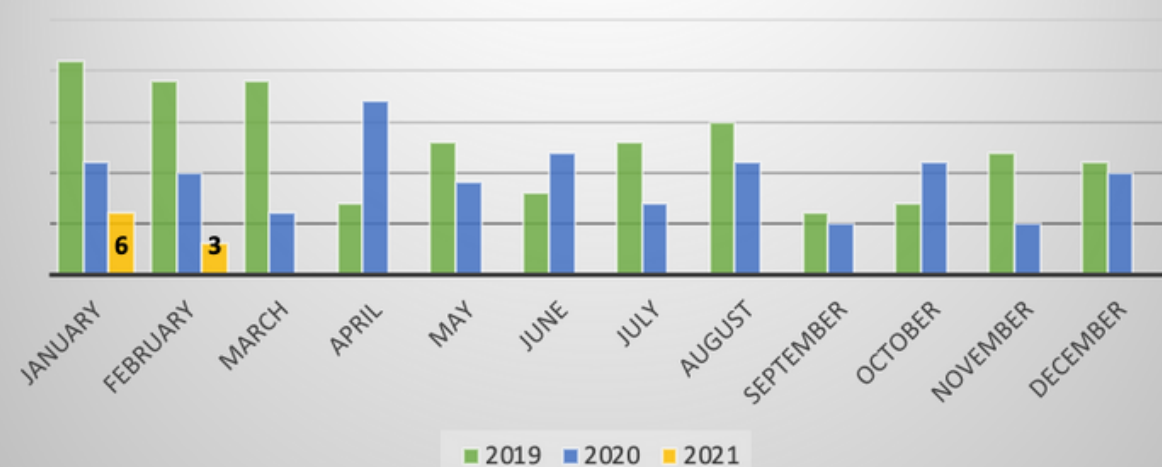
Robbery 2019-2021 NE Area Command



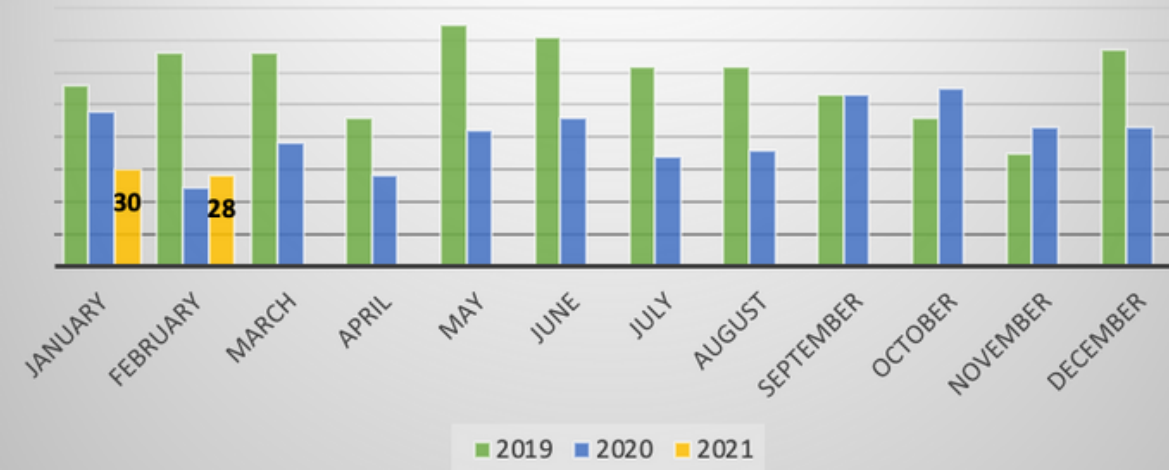
Motor Vehicle Theft 2019-2021 NE Area Command



Stolen Property Offenses 2019-2021 NE Area Command



Drug/Narcotic Offenses 2019-2021 NE Area Command



Weapon Violations 2019-2021 NE Area Command

